

DATA SHEET

MATRIX SURROUND-SOUND PROCESSOR

The μ PC1891A is a specific IC to reproduce surround-sound by using a signal matrix.

The IC is based on a unique high-speed and low-noise bipolar process and high-precision on-chip filter technology, and provides ideal sound-field effects by using the minimum number of parts.

The IC provides wide sound with two speakers and rich, stereophonic sound with three speakers.

In the case of stereo signal, the IC has the movie mode to reproduce real human voices, the music mode to permit the listeners to experience the expanse of a music hall, and it has the monaural mode to make monaural signal into wide, deep sound. The modes can be selected freely by using 2-bit parallel control pins.

The package of the IC is a reliable, standard 20-pin DIP.

FEATURES

- Built-in high-precision filter
- Built-in output adjusting attenuator and mute circuit
- 2-bit parallel mode select
- Three modes are available: movie, music, and monaural modes
- Low power consumption: 12 V/20 mA TYP.

APPLICATIONS

• TV

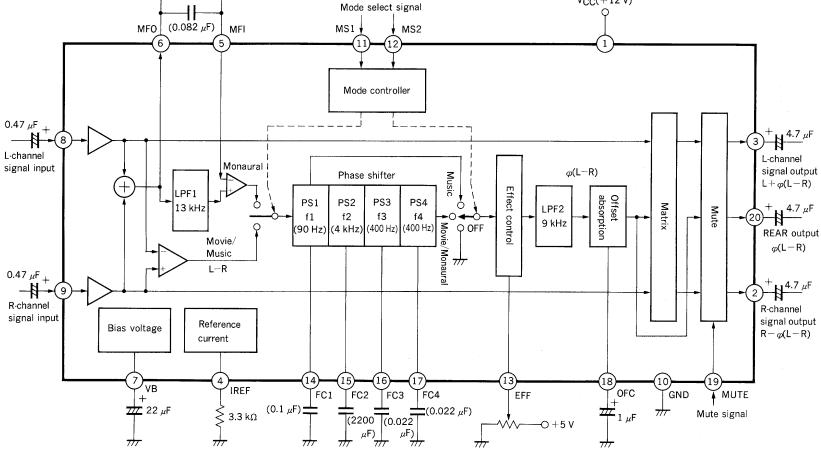
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Quality Grade
μPC1891ACY	20-pin plastic DIP (400 mil)	Standard

Please refer to "Quality grade on NEC Semiconductor Devices" (Document number IEI-1209) published by NEC Corporation to know the specification of quality grade on the devices and its recommended applications.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

V_{CC}(+12 V) \cap + 4.7 μF 3 L-channel signal output *φ*(L−R)



Note (): Recommended value.

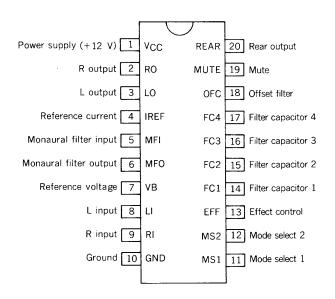
(820 kΩ) -~~~-

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BLOCK DIAGRAM

PIN CONFIGURATION (Top view)

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_a = 25 $^\circ \rm C)$

ITEM	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	CONDITION
Supply Voltage	Vcc	+14	V	No signal
Input Pin Voltage	V _{IN}	Vcc	v	Voltage applied to pins 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, and 19
Output Pin Current	IOUT	±10	mA	Current to and from pins 2, 3, and 20
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C	
Operating Temperature	T _{opt}	-20 to +75	°C	V _{CC} = 12 V
Power Dissipation	PD	600	mW	T _a = 75 °C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION
Supply Voltage (1) (Good Characteristic Range)	V _{CC} 1	11	12	13	V	
Supply Voltage (2) (Surround Operating Range)	V _{CC} 2	9		14	V	
Input Signal Amplitude	V _{L1} , R1		1.4	2.5	V _{p-p}	Signal voltage input to pins 8 and 9
Mode Select Pin Voltage (High)	∨мѕн	4	5	V _{CC}	V	High voltage at pins 11 and 12
Mode Select Pin Voltage (Low)	VMSL	0	0	2	V	Low voltage at pins 11 and 12
Mute Pin Voltage (High)	νωντεή	4	5	V _{CC} –3	V	High voltage at pin 19
Mute Pin Voltage (Low)	VMVTEL	0	0	2	V	Low voltage at pin 19
Effect Pin Voltage (High)	VEFFH		5	V _{CC} –3	V	Upper voltage at pin 13
Effect Pin Voltage (Low)	VEFFL	_	0	-	V	Lower voltage at pin 13
Load Impedance	ZL	10			kΩ	Output from pins 2, 3, and 20
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _{opt}	-20		+75	°C	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_a = 25 $^\circ$ C, RH \leq 70%, V_{CC} = 12 V)

NO.	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION	MEASURING CIRCUIT NO.
1	Supply Current	lcc		20	30	mA	No signal, I _{REF} pin resistance: 3.3 kΩ	1
2	Bias Potential	VB	$\frac{V_{CC}}{2}$ -0.2	V _{CC} 2	$\frac{V_{CC}}{2} + 0.2$	v	Voltage at pin 7	2
3	Reference Current Pin Potential	VIR	1.10	1.20	1.30	V	IREF pin resistance : 3.3 k Ω	2
4	Mode Select Pin Current (1)	IMS1		⁻ 110	160	μA	Voltage applied to pins 11 and 12: 12 V	3
5	Mode Select Pin Current (2)	IMS2		45	70	μA	Voltage applied to pins 11 and 12: 5 V	3
Sheet	Mode Select Pin Current (3)	IMS3			12	μA	Voltage applied to pins 11 and 12: 0.8 V	3
7	Effect Control Pin Current	IEFF		0.3	1.0	μA	Voltage applied to pin 13: 0.0 to 5.0 V	4
8	Input Pin Voltage	VI	$\frac{V_{CC}}{2}$ -0.2	<u>Vcc</u> 2	$\frac{V_{CC}}{2} + 0.2$	v	Voltage applied to pins 8 and 9	2
9	Output Pin Voltage	VOUT	4.6	5.1	5.6	v	Voltage applied to pins 2, 3, and 20	2
10	In-phase Gain (OFF)	GOFF	0.2	0.8	1.8	dB	Mode OFF, Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin → Rout, Lin → Lout	5
11	LR In-phase Gain Difference (OFF)	DGOFF	-1	0	+1	dB	Mode OFF, input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} (Rin → Rout) (Lin → Lout)	5
12	In-phase Gain (Movie 1)	G _{MOV1}	2	7	12	dB	Movie mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} Rin \rightarrow Rout, Lin \rightarrow Lout	5
13	In-phase Gain (Movie 2)	G _{MOV2}	3	8	13	dB	Movie mode, V_{EFF} = 5.0 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} Rin \rightarrow Rout, Lin \rightarrow Lout	5
14	LR In-phase Gain Difference (Movie)	DGMOV	-2	0	+2	dB	Movie mode, $V_{EFF} = 5.0 V$ Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} (Rin \rightarrow Rout) $-$ (Lin \rightarrow Lout)	5
15	In-phase Gain (Music 1)	G _{MUS1}	4	6	8	dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} Rin → Rout, Lin → Lout	5
16	In-phase Gain (Music 2)	G _{MUS2}	5.5	7.5	9.5	dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 5.0 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} Rin → Rout, Lin → Lout	5
17	LR In-phase Gain Difference (Music)	DG _{MUS}	-2	0	+2	dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} (Rin → Rout) — (Lin → Lout)	5
18	Monaural L Output 1	LMON1	2.5	4.5	6.5	dB	Monaural mode, $V_{EFF} = 2.5 V$ Input signal of 250 Hz 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin and Lin \rightarrow Lout	5
19	Monaural L Output 2	L _{NON2}		-4.0	0.0	dB	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Monaural mode, V}_{EFF} = 2.5 \ V \\ \mbox{Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V}_{p-p}, \\ \mbox{Rin and Lin} \rightarrow \mbox{Lout} \end{array}$	5
20	Monaural L Output 3	LMON3	4.5	7.0	9.5	dB	Monaural mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 3.6 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin and Lin \rightarrow Lout	5

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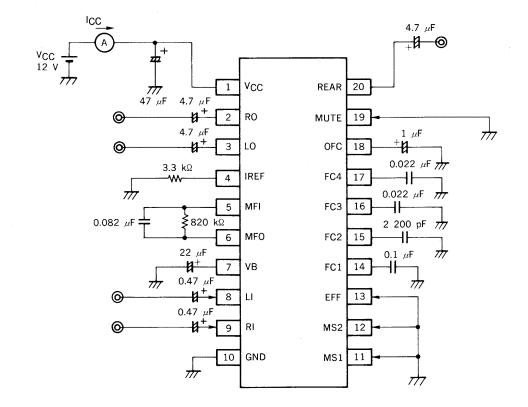
NO.	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION	MEASURING CIRCUIT NO.
21	Monaural R Output 1	R _{MON1}		-4.5	0.0	dB	Monaural mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 250 Hz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin and Lin \rightarrow Rout	5
22	Monaural R Output 2	R _{MON2}	1.8	3.8	5.8	dB	Monaural mode, $V_{EFF} = 2.5 V$ Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin and Lin \rightarrow Rout	5
23	Monaural R Output 3	R _{MON3}		-20	8	dB	Monaural mode, V_{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 3.6 kHz, 1.4 V_{p-p} , Rin and Lin \rightarrow Rout	5
24	Rear Output Gain 1	G _{REA1}		-30		dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 0.0 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin or Lin → REARout	6
4110 25	Rear Output Gain 2	G _{REA2}	-12	-9.4	-8.0	dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 2.5 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin or Lin → REARout	6
26	Rear Output Gain 3	G _{REA3}		-8.2	-5.0	dB	Music mode, V _{EFF} = 5 V Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin or Lin → Lout	6
27	Maximum Output	^V OM1	7.8	8.2		V _{p-p}	Mode OFF, V _{CC} = 12 V, Input signal of 1 kHz T.H.D. = 3 %, Rout and Lout measurement	7
28	Distortion Factor	T.H.D.		0.1	0.5	%	Mode OFF, Input signal of 1 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin → Rout, Lin → Lout	7
29	Output Noise (OFF)	N _O (OFF)		0.2	0.4	mV _{r.m.s.}	Mode OFF, Input termination Using DIN/AUDIO, Rout and Lout measurement	8
30	Output Noise (Movie)	^N O(MOV)		0.2	0.4	mV _{r.m.s.}	Movie mode, Input termination Using DIN/AUDIO, Rout and Lout measurement	8
31	Output Noise (Music)	N _O (MUS)		0.2	0.4	mV _{r.m.s.}	Music mode, Input termination Using DIN/AUDIO, Rout and Lout measurement	8
32	Output Noise (Monaural)	NO(MON)		0.2	0.4	m∨ _{r.m.s.}	Monaural mode, Input termination Using DIN/AUDIO, Rout and Lout measurement	8
33	Mute Attenuation	D _M		-80	-70	dB	Mode OFF, V_{EFF} = 2.5 V, VMUTE = 5 V Input signal of 4 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin \rightarrow Rout, Lin \rightarrow Lout	9
34	Crosstalk	S _x		-60	-50	dB	Mode OFF, VEFF = 2.5 V Input signal of 4 kHz, 1.4 V _{p-p} , Rin \rightarrow Lout, Lin \rightarrow Rout	9
35	Inter-mode Offset	Vosm	-150	0	150	mV	Difference among values in each modes Rout, Lout and REARout	10
36	Mute offset	Vosd	-150	0	150	mV	Difference between mute-on/ off values Rout, Lout, and REARout measurement	10
37	Signal Input Pin Impedance	z _{in}	20	40		kΩ	Rin and Lin measurement	11
38	Output Pin Impedance	z _{out}		20	60	Ω	Rout, Lout, and REARout measurement	

Note: Rin

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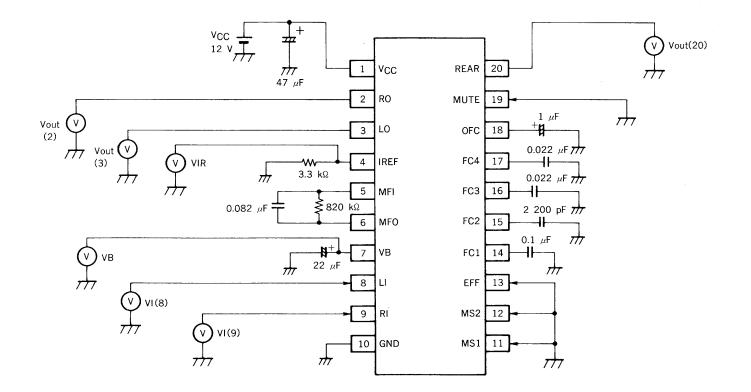
Rin:pin 9Lin:pin 8Rout:pin 2Lout:pin 3REARout:pin 20

Power supply Current (I_{CC})

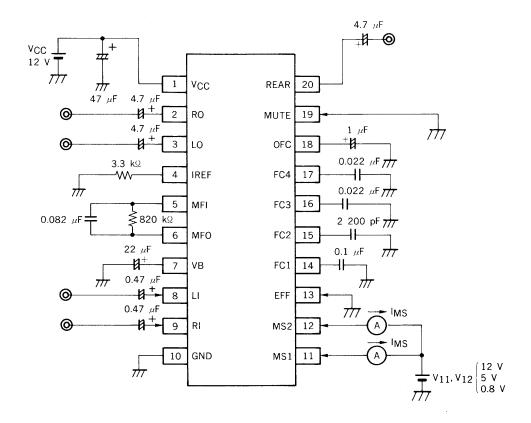


Measuring Circuit 2

Bias potential input/output pin potential and reference current pin potential



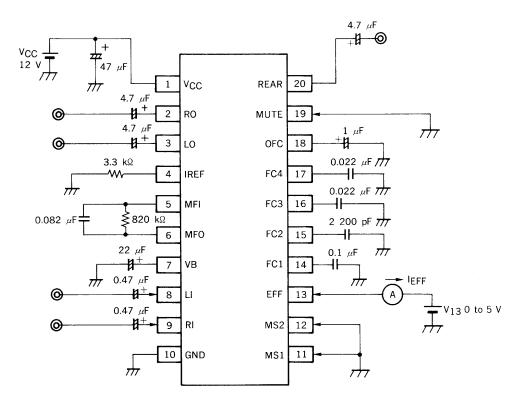
Mode select pin current (I_{MS})



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Measuring Circuit 4

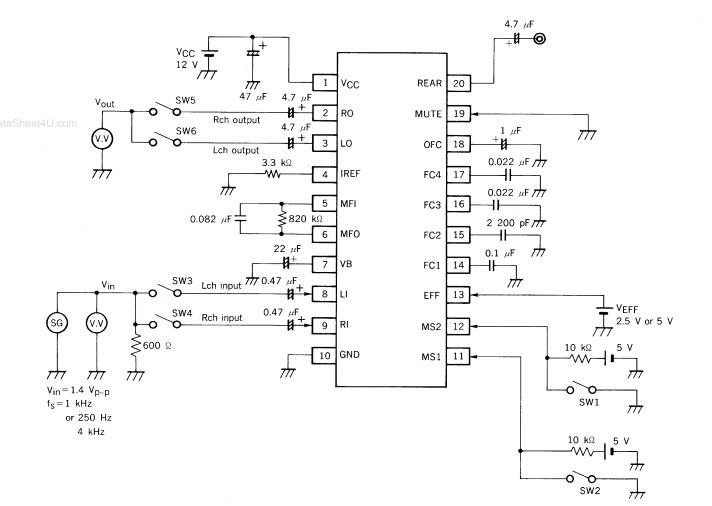
Effect control pin current (IEFF)



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In-phase gain and monaural output

Gain = 20 log (
$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}$$
)

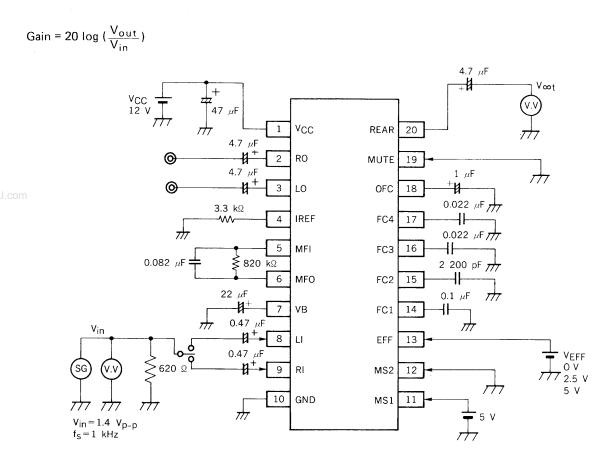


Mode	Select	

Mode	SW1	SW2
OFF	ON	ON
Music	ON	OFF
Movie	OFF	ON
Monaural	OFF	OFF

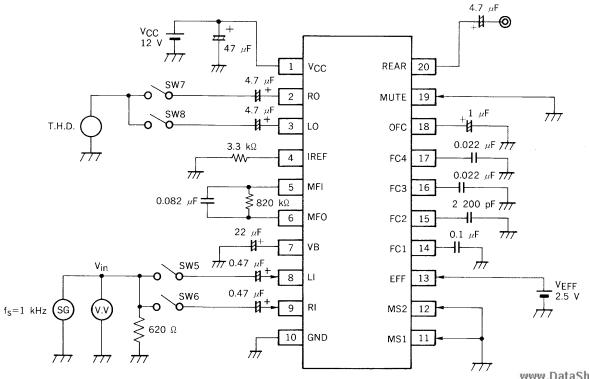
Item	Input	Output	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6
In-phase gain Mode: Off	Lin	Lout	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Music Movie	Rin	Rout	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Monaural output	Lin	Lout	ON	ON	OFF	ON
	and Rin	Rout	ON	ON	ON	OFF

Rear output gain (GREA)



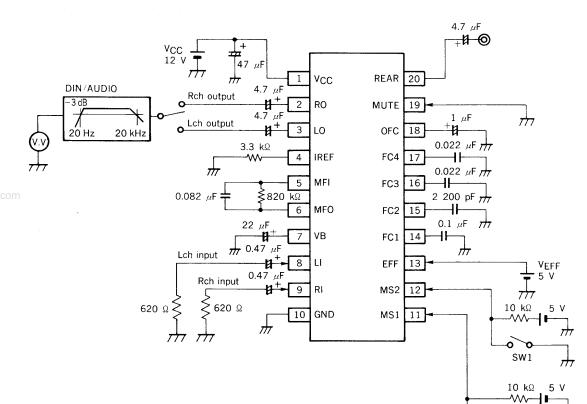
Measuring Circuit 7

Maximum output and distortion factor (V $_{OM}$, T.H.D.)



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Output noise (N_O)



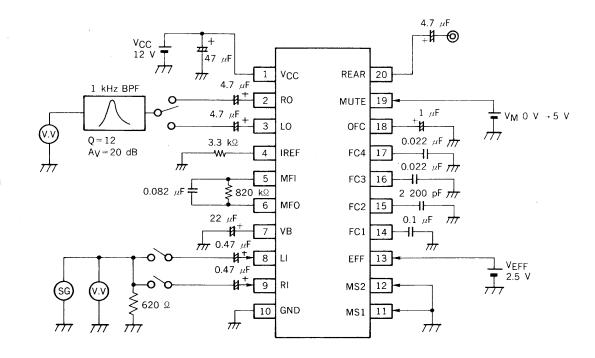


Mode select

Mode	SW1	SW2
OFF	ON	ON
Music	ON	OFF
Movie	OFF	ON
Monaural	OFF	OFF

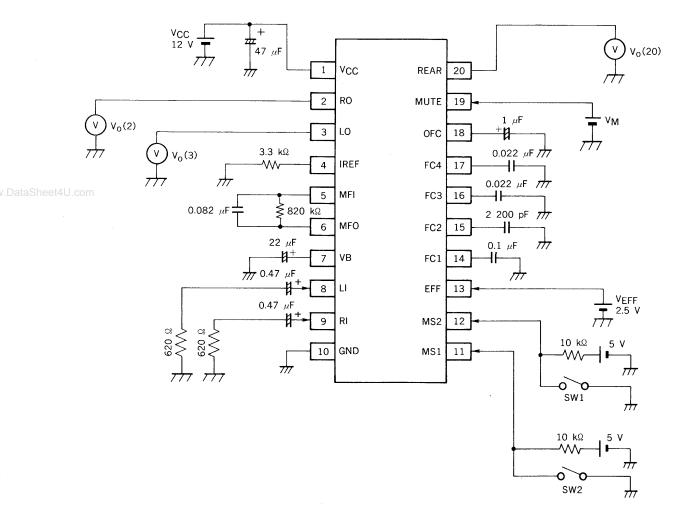
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Mute attenuation (DM) and crosstalk (SX)



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Inter-mode and mute offsets



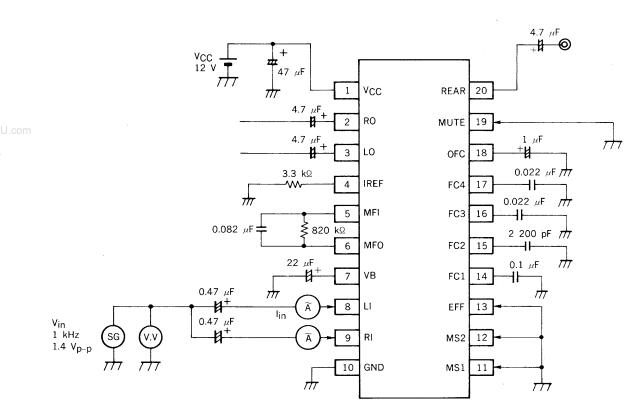
- Inter-mode offset (V_{OSM}) Between V_o (in each mode) and V_o (in OFF mode) (Note: V_M = 0 V)
- $^{\circ}$ Mute offset (V_{OSD}) Between V_o (V_M = 0 V) and V_o (V_M = 5 V) (Note: Mode OFF)

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Mode	SW1	SW2
OFF	ON	ON
Music	ON	OFF
Movie	OFF	ON
Monaural	OFF	OFF

Signal input pin impedance (Z_{in})

$$Z_{in} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}}$$



Mode Control

The μ PC1891A allows four types of surround effects in the movie, music, monaural and OFF modes to be selected according to their respective combinations of H and L levels of pins No. 11 (MS1) and No. 12 (MS2).

Mode Select Code				
Code Mode	MS1 (11)	MS2 (12)		
OFF	L	L		
Music	н	L		
Movie	L	Н		
Monaural	Н	Н		

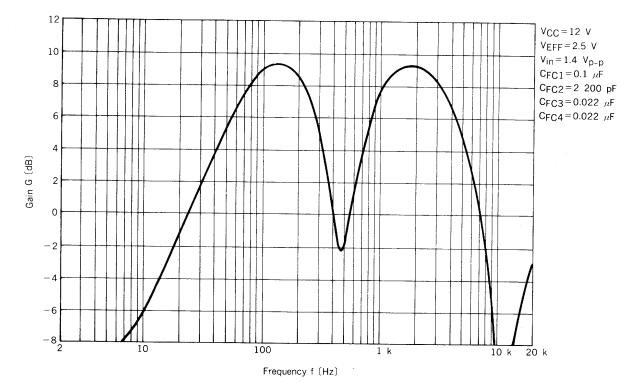
Mode Select Code

Caution In the case of changing surround mode and power ON/OFF, mute (approx. 200 ms) must be used for pop noise reduction.

The following shows reference data for frequency response characteristics in each mode. It will help explain each type of surround effect. For the characteristics of the IC, please see the list of electrical characteristics.

Frequency Response Characteristics in Each Mode (T_a = 25 $^{\circ}$ C)

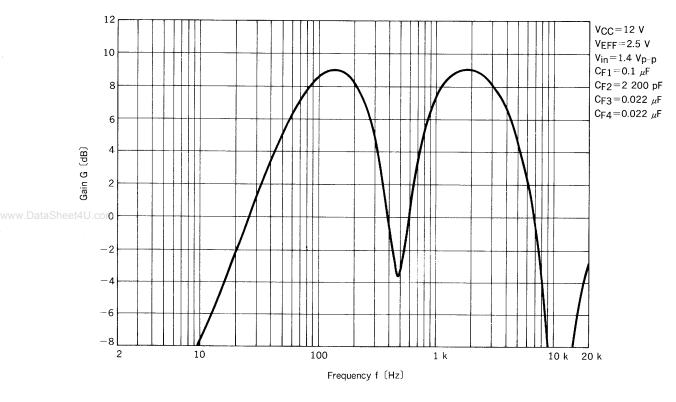
- 6 $V_{CC} = 12 V$ $V_{in} = 1.4 V_{p-p}$ 4 2 www.DataSheet4U.com gui gui 0 - 2 -4-6 -8L 2 10 100 1 k 20 k 10 k Frequency f (Hz)
 - 2. Movie Mode (Lch)



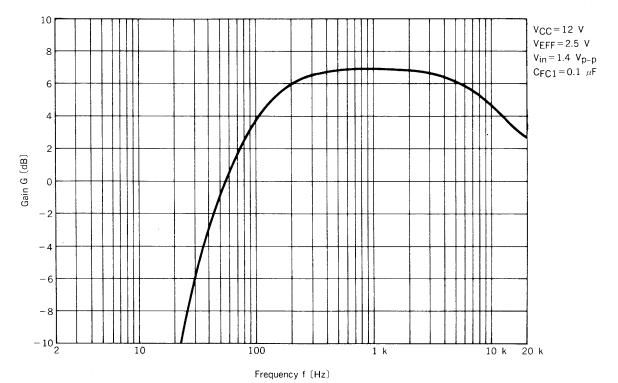
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★

3. Movie Mode (Rch)

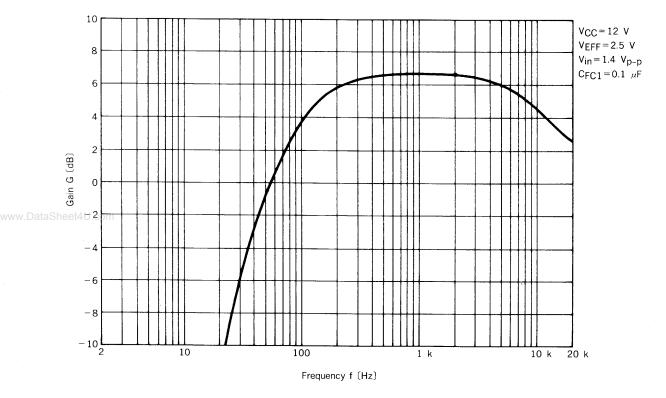


4. Music Mode (Lch)

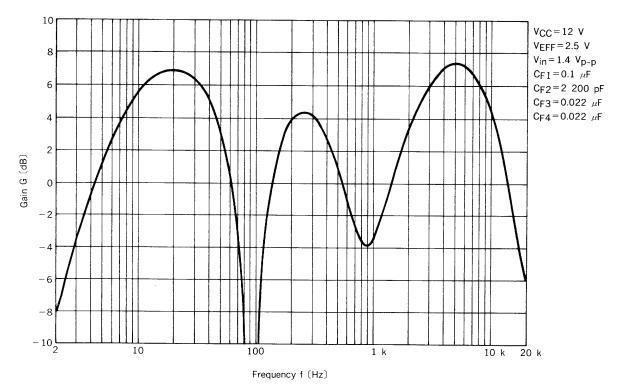


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5. Music Mode (Rch)

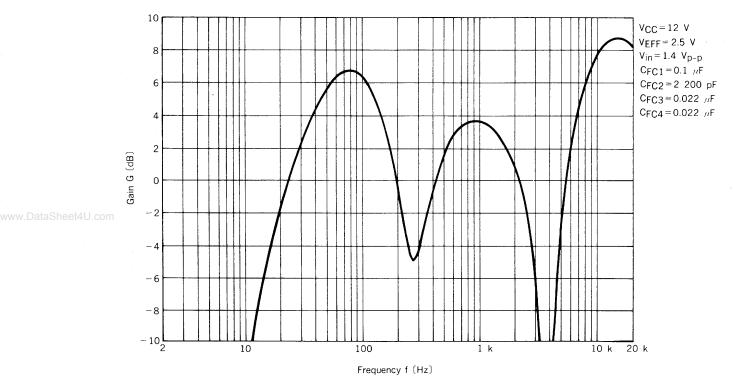


6. Monaural Mode (Lch)



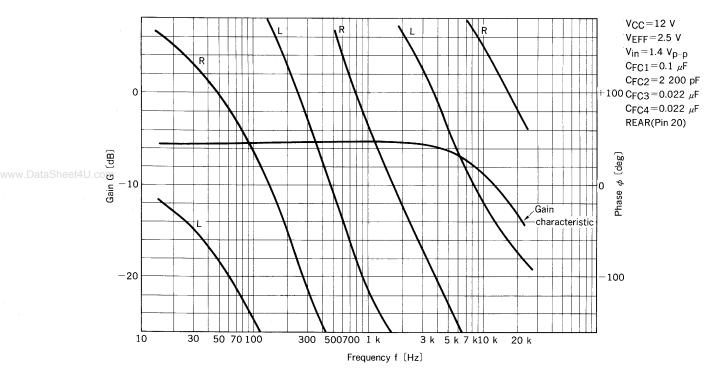
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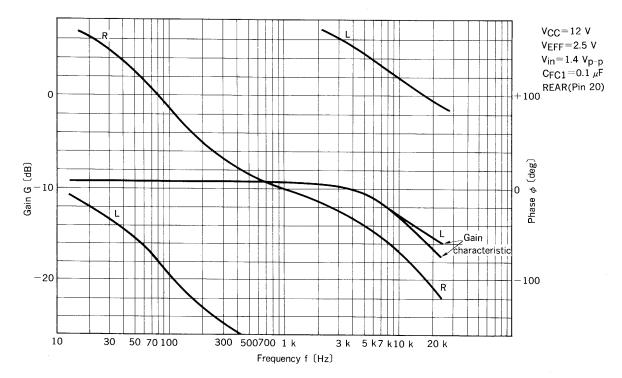


★ Gain and Phase Characteristics of Phase Shifter ($T_a = 25 \degree C$)

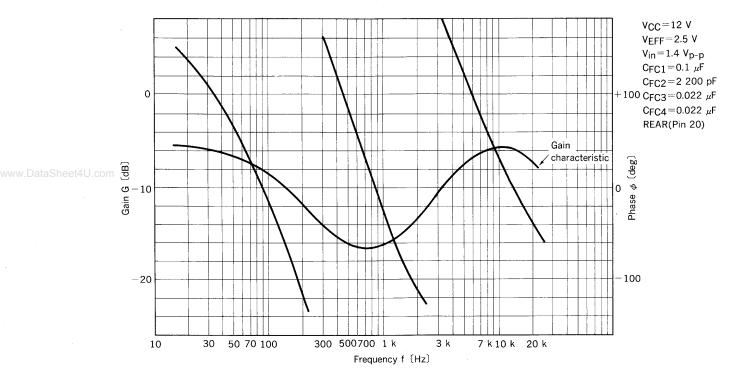
1. Movie Mode



2. Music Mode



3. Monaural Mode



★ Change of Frequency Characteristics Depending on External Parts

1. Setting of each phase shifter (pin 14, 15, 16, 17)

Change capacitance of external capacitors (pin 14, 15, 16, 17) on setting amount of phase shift of each phase shifter. Pole frequency of each phase shifter can be set because the pole frequency is in inverse proportion to the capacitance of external capacitors. The amount of phase shift of each phase shifter is set by this pole frequency.

$f_0 \propto 1/C$

f_O: Pole frequency

C : Value of external capacitor

ee	Phase shifter 14U.com	Pin number	External Capacitor (Recommended value)	Pole frequency (Recommended value)	Setting range
	PS1	14	0.1 <i>µ</i> F	90 Hz	90 Hz ± 10 %
	PS2	15	2200 pF	4 kHz	4 kHz ± 10 %
	PS3	16	0.022 μF	400 Hz	400 Hz ± 10 %
	PS4	17			

2. Setting of HPF (High-pass filter) for monaural and surround signal (pin 5, 6)

Set the HPF for monaural and surround signal by changing the value of external capacitor and resistor connected to pins 5 and 6.

$$f_{\rm C} = \frac{1}{2 \pi C (R/Z)}$$

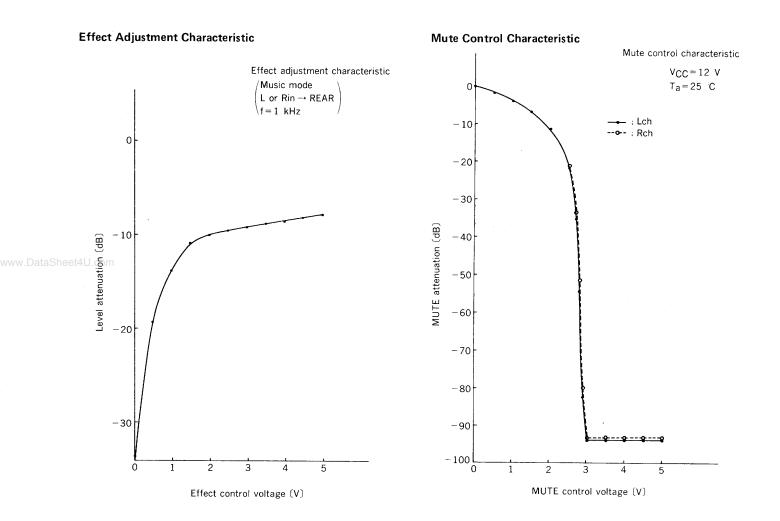
f_C: Cut-off frequency

C : Value of external capacitor

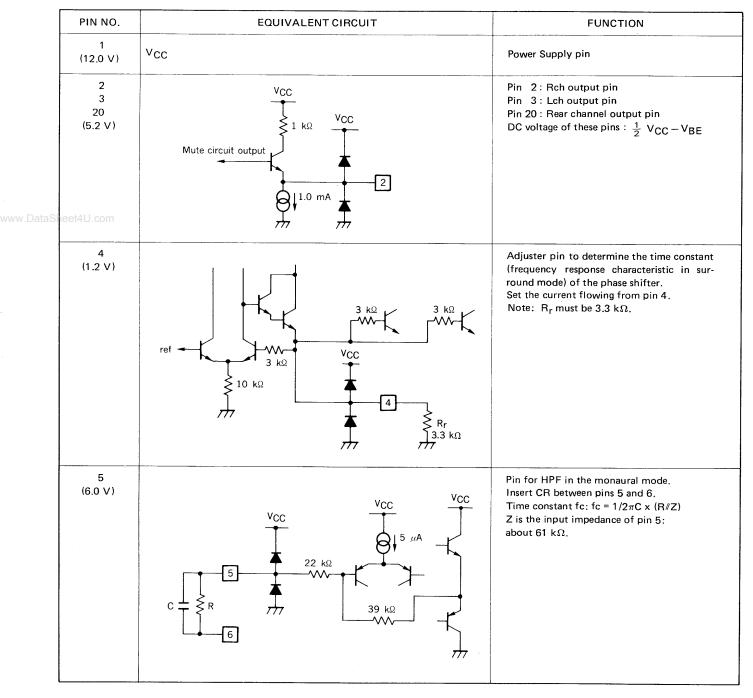
R : Value of external resistor

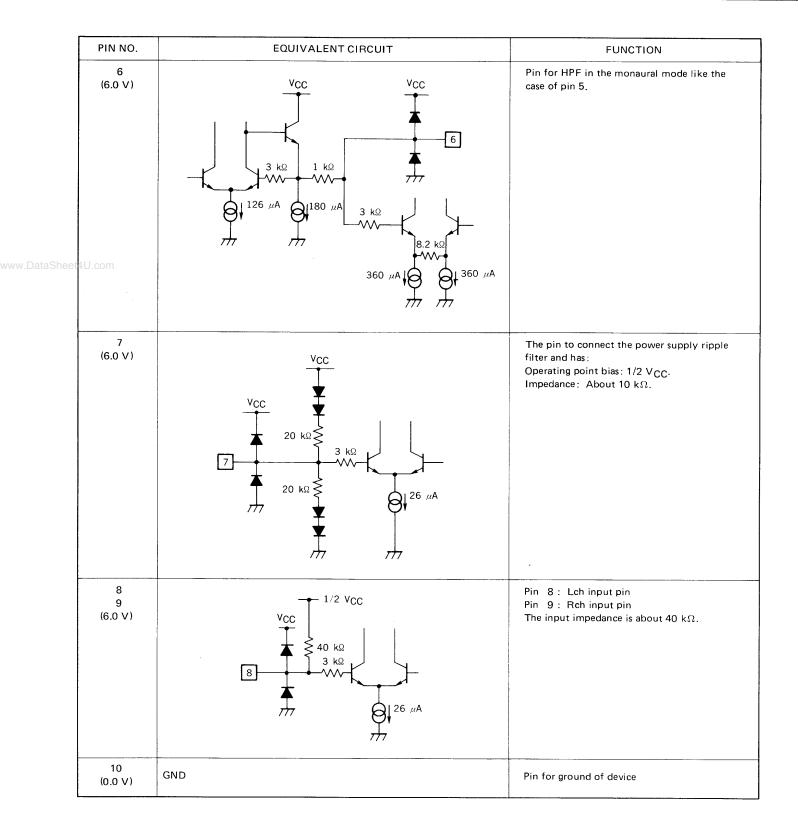
Z : Input impedance of pin 5 (61 k $\Omega \pm$ 20 %)

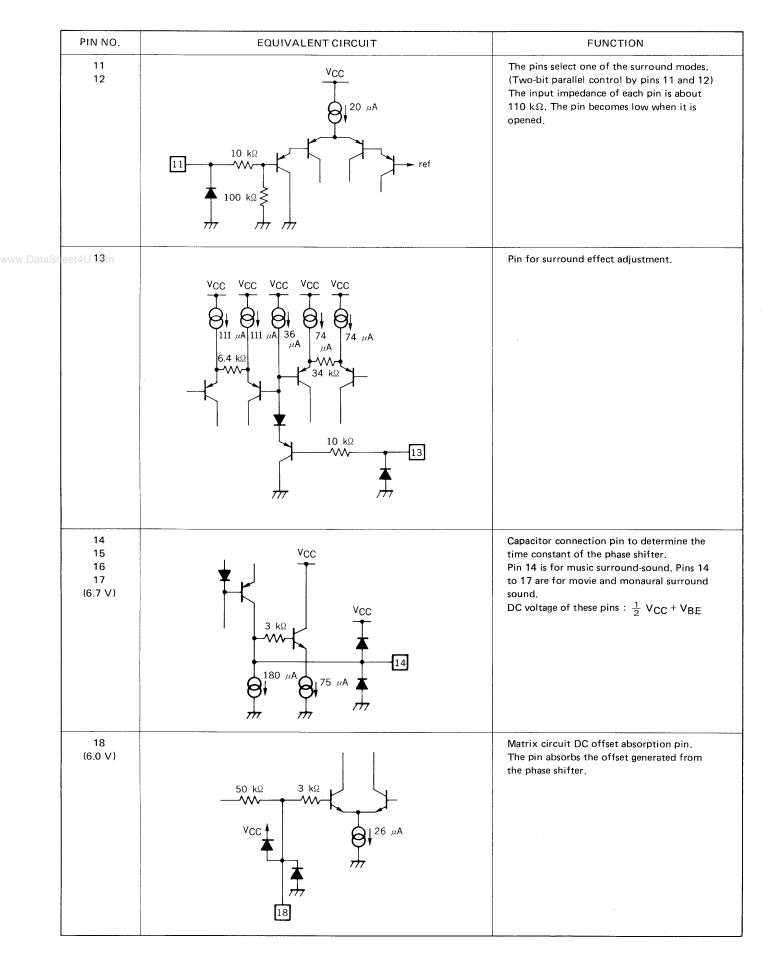
μ**PC1891A**



Pin Function

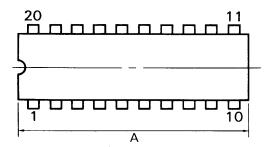


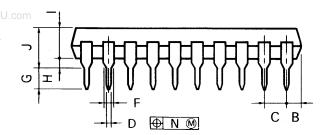


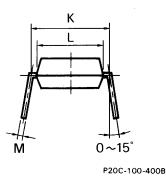


PIN NO.	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT	FUNCTION	
19		Pin for mute circuit control.	

20PIN PLASTIC DIP (400 mil)







NOTES

- Each lead centerline is located within 0.25 mm (0.01 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- Item "K" to center of leads when formed parallel.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	
A	27.94 MAX.	1.100 MAX.	
В	2.54 MAX.	0.100 MAX.	
С	2.54 (T.P.)	0.100 (T.P.)	
D	0.50 ^{±0.10}	0.020+0.004	
F	1.2 MIN.	0.047 MIN.	
G	3.5 ^{±0.3}	0.138 ^{±0.012}	
н	0.51 MIN.	0.020 MIN.	
I	4.31 MAX.	0.170 MAX.	
J	5.72 MAX.	0.226 MAX.	
к	10.16 (T.P.)	0.400 (T.P.)	
L	8.6	0.339	
М	0.25-0.05	0.010+0.004	
N	0.25	0.01	

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

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The following conditions (see table below) must be met when soldering this product.

For more details, refer to our document "SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL" (IEI-1207).

Please consult with our sales offices in case other soldering process is used, or in case soldering is done under different conditions.

Type of Through Hole Device

µPC1891ACY: 20 pin plastic DIP (400 mil)

Soldering Process	Soldering Conditions Solder temperature: 260 °C or lower. Flow time: 10 seconds or less.	
Wave Soldering (For leads only)		
Partial Heating Method	Pin temperature: 260 °C or lower. Time: 10 seconds or less.	

Caution Do not jet molten solder on the surface of package.

(MEMO)

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The application circuits and their parameters are for references only and are not intended for use in actual design-in's.

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Application examples recommended by NEC Corporation

Standard: Computer, Office equipment, Communication equipment, Test and Measurement equipment, Machine tools, Industrial robots, Audio and Visual equipment, Other consumer products, etc.

Special: Automotive and Transportation equipment, Traffic control systems, Antidisaster systems, Anticrime systems, etc.

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